

Cascade Evidential Learning for Open-world Weakly-supervised Temporal Action Localization

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2023-06





Introduction

Open-world Weakly-supervised TAL (OWTAL)

With only video-level labels for training, OWTAL aims to localize both known and unknown action instances in testing videos.



Challenges

Ambiguity of annotations of closed-set (known) action instances

- Previous works indicate that the closed-set and open-set performance are highly correlated. However, under the OWTAL setting, not only are the annotations of unknown action instances unavailable, but also the fine-grained annotations of known ones can only be inferred ambiguously from the video category labels.
- During training, the known action instances that the model needs to focus on are prone to be disturbed by the background snippets, which hinders the learning of the closed-set actions, thus making it extremely difficult to differentiate the unknown actions, the known actions, and the background.

Lack of reasonable metrics

The traditional Open Set Recognition (OSR) aims for classification while the goal of OWTAL is to perform localization instead, thus the classification metrics commonly adopted by OSR are not sufficient for OWTAL.

Cascade Evidential Learning



Multi-scale Extended-range Perception for Initial Evidence Collection

Multi-scale Extended-range Perception

$$\begin{aligned} \boldsymbol{f}_{t}^{m} &= \frac{1}{e_{t}^{m} - s_{t}^{m} + 1} \sum_{s_{t}^{m} \leq i \leq e_{t}^{m}} \boldsymbol{x}_{i}. \qquad \tilde{\boldsymbol{f}}_{t} = (1 - \alpha_{t})\varphi_{1}(\boldsymbol{x}_{t}) + \alpha_{t} \sum_{m \in \mathcal{M}} \delta(\omega_{t}^{m})\varphi_{2}(\boldsymbol{f}_{t}^{m}) \\ \alpha_{t} &= \frac{1}{2|\mathcal{M}|} \sum_{m \in \mathcal{M}} \left(\omega_{t}^{m} + 1\right), \omega_{t}^{m} = \cos\left(\frac{\boldsymbol{x}_{t}}{|\boldsymbol{x}_{t}|}, \frac{\boldsymbol{f}_{t}^{m}}{|\boldsymbol{f}_{t}^{m}|}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Initial Evidence Collection

 $\boldsymbol{e}_{init} = g(f(\tilde{\boldsymbol{F}}_{vid}; \boldsymbol{\theta}))$

Loss function for evidential learning

$$\mathcal{L}_{init} = \sum_{i=1}^{C} y_i (\log S_{init} - \log \alpha_{init,i})$$



Knowledge-guided Bipolar Prototype Learning for Evidence Calibration Factors

Graph network update

$$\tilde{\boldsymbol{n}}_{j} = h_{2}(\operatorname{Concat}_{z \in \{1,2,3\}}(\sum_{l \in \mathcal{S}_{j,z}} \delta(\eta_{j,l})h_{1}(\boldsymbol{n}_{l}))) + h_{3}(\boldsymbol{n}_{j})$$

Distance to bipolar prototypes

$$\xi_{b,i} = \hat{D}(\tilde{F}_{vid,b}, Q_i^{neg}) - \hat{D}(\tilde{F}_{vid,b}, Q_i^{pos})$$

Loss function

$$\mathcal{L}_{kbpl} = -\frac{1}{C} \sum_{i=1}^{C} \mathbb{I}(\mathcal{B}_i \neq \emptyset) \log\left(\frac{\sum_{b \in \mathcal{B}_i} \exp(\xi_{b,i})}{\sum_{b=1}^{B} \exp(\xi_{b,i})}\right)$$



Cascade Evidence Enhancement

> Uncertainty-aware adaptor

$$\zeta(u_{init};\mu,\sigma) = \exp\left(-\frac{(u_{init}-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

Evidence calibration

$$e_{casc,i} = (1 + \zeta(u_{init}) \tanh(\xi_i))e_{init,i}$$

Total loss function

$$\mathcal{L}_{casc} = \sum_{i=1}^{C} y_i (\log S_{casc} - \log \alpha_{casc,i}),$$
where $\alpha_{casc,i} = e_{casc,i} + 1, S_{casc} = \sum_i \alpha_{casc,i}$

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{cls} + \mathcal{L}_{init} + \mathcal{L}_{kbpl} + \mathcal{L}_{casc}$$



Inference	Algorithm 1 Action Categories Inference Procedure						
	Input : Untrimmed testing video \mathcal{V} .						
	Require: Trained CELL model.						
	Require : Threshold τ obtained from training data (Please						
	refer to Implementation Details). Output : Set Ψ of action categories in \mathcal{V} .						
							1: Predict the closed-set class caded video-level uncertaint
		2: if $u_{casc} < \tau$ then	•				
	3: $\Psi = \{i P_i > 0.2\}$	▷ Only Known Classes					
	4: if $\Psi = \varnothing$ then	-					
	5: $\Psi = \arg \max_i P_i$	▷ Only Known Classes					
	6: end if						
	7: else if $\operatorname{argmax}_i P_i > 0.5$ then						
	8: $\Psi = \{ \arg \max_i P_i, C + \}$	1}					
	9: ▷ Both Kn	Both Known and Unknown Classes					
	10: else						
	11: $\Psi = \{C+1\}$	▷ Only Unknown Classes					
	12: end if						
	13: return Ψ						

Experiments

Comparison results on THUMOS14

	Top-K mAP@Avg(%)									mAP@Avg(%)		
Methods	Top-5		Top-10		Top-20		Top-50		Top-100			
	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.7	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.7	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.7	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.7	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.7	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.7
ASM-Loc + Trivial	4.3	3.5	7.8	6.3	13.3	10.7	21.1	16.9	26.1	20.9	29.5	23.6
ASM-Loc + SoftMax	10.9	8.9	16.9	13.5	23.4	18.7	28.8	23.0	29.8	23.8	30.1	24.0
ASM-Loc + OpenMax	10.1	8.1	15.3	12.1	21.2	16.7	26.1	20.6	27.3	21.5	27.6	21.7
ASM-Loc + ARPL	10.0	8.2	16.4	13.4	23.6	19.3	30.4	24.8	32.0	26.0	32.4	26.4
ASM-Loc + EDL	11.3	9.2	17.4	14.0	24.2	19.4	30.5	24.3	31.9	25.4	32.2	25.7
ASM-Loc + CELL(Ours)	11.2	9.3	18.0	14.6	25.5	20.7	32.4	26.4	34.1	27.8	34.7	28.1
CO2-Net + Trivial	5.5	4.4	9.5	7.7	16.7	13.5	25.9	20.9	30.9	25.0	34.4	27.9
CO2-Net + SoftMax	11.3	9.1	17.8	14.3	25.1	20.2	32.2	26.0	33.7	27.3	34.2	27.8
CO2-Net + OpenMax	10.3	8.4	16.3	13.2	23.0	18.6	29.1	23.5	30.4	24.7	30.8	25.0
CO2-Net + ARPL	11.6	9.5	18.3	14.9	25.7	20.9	33.3	27.1	35.1	28.7	35.7	29.2
CO2-Net + EDL	11.2	9.1	17.6	14.3	24.8	20.0	32.2	26.0	34.0	27.5	34.6	28.1
CO2-Net + CELL(Ours)	12.6	10.3	20.1	16.4	28.1	23.0	36.9	30.3	38.9	31.8	39.5	32.3



Experiments

Comparison results on ActivityNet-v1.3

Methods	Top-K	mAP@	Avg(%)	mAP@Avg(%)	v-Acc(%)	
	Top1	Тор3	Top5			
ASM-Loc + SoftMax	12.7	13.2	13.5	13.5	86.37	
ASM-Loc + OpenMax	12.0	12.6	12.8	12.9	81.74	
ASM-Loc + ARPL	17.0	17.6	17.8	18.0	96.81	
ASM-Loc + EDL	16.0	16.7	16.9	17.0	93.38	
ASM-Loc + CELL(Ours)	17.9	18.4	18.6	18.9	97.83	

■ Ablation study

Exp MEP KBP			UA	Top-k	mAP@A	mAP@Avg(%)	
P				Top-10	Top-20	Top-50	
1	×	×	×	14.3	20.2	26.0	27.8
2	\checkmark	×	×	15.3	21.2	26.9	29.0
3	×	\checkmark	×	15.2	21.1	26.9	29.2
4	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	16.0	22.4	29.4	31.6
5	 ✓ 	\checkmark	\checkmark	16.4	23.0	30.3	32.3



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Thanks!



Any problem, please feel free contact me: Mengyuan Chen chenmengyuan2021@ia.ac.cn

