



PROTOCON: Pseudo-label Refinement via Online Clustering and Prototypical Consistency for Efficient Semi-supervised Learning

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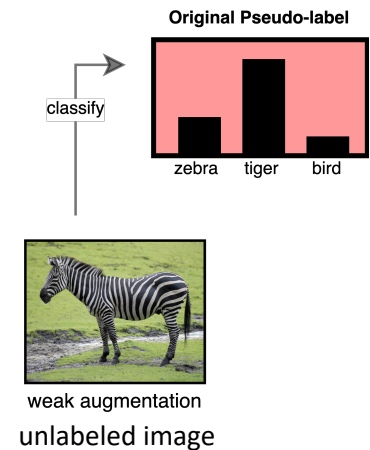
What is PROTOCON?

PROTOCON is a memory-efficient semi-supervised image classification method. It introduces a label refinement strategy to mitigate confirmation bias in label-scarce regime to better leverage unlabeled data.



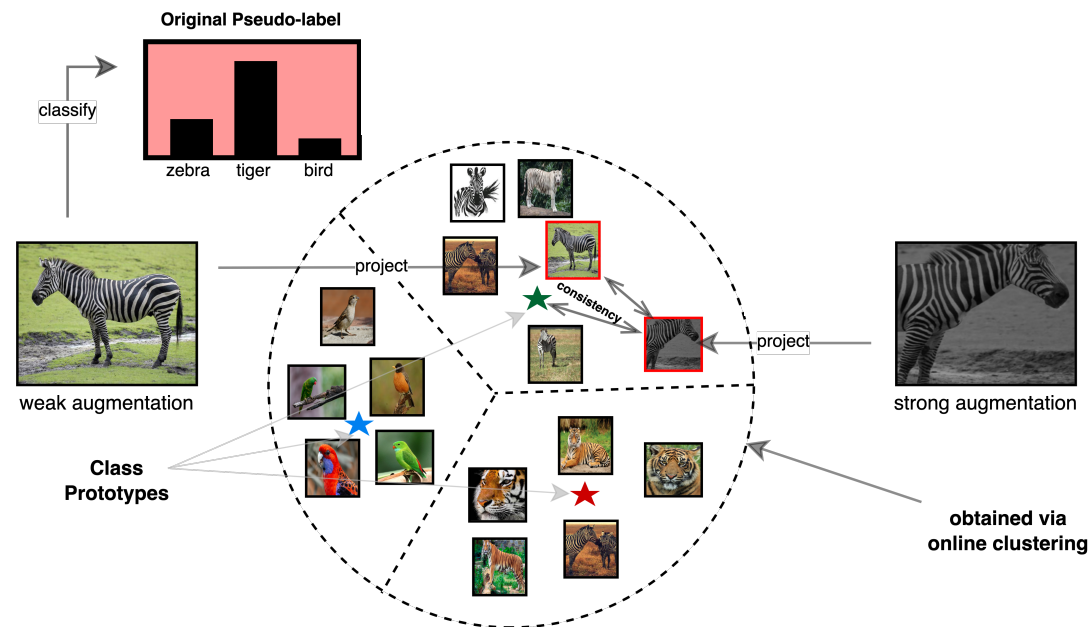
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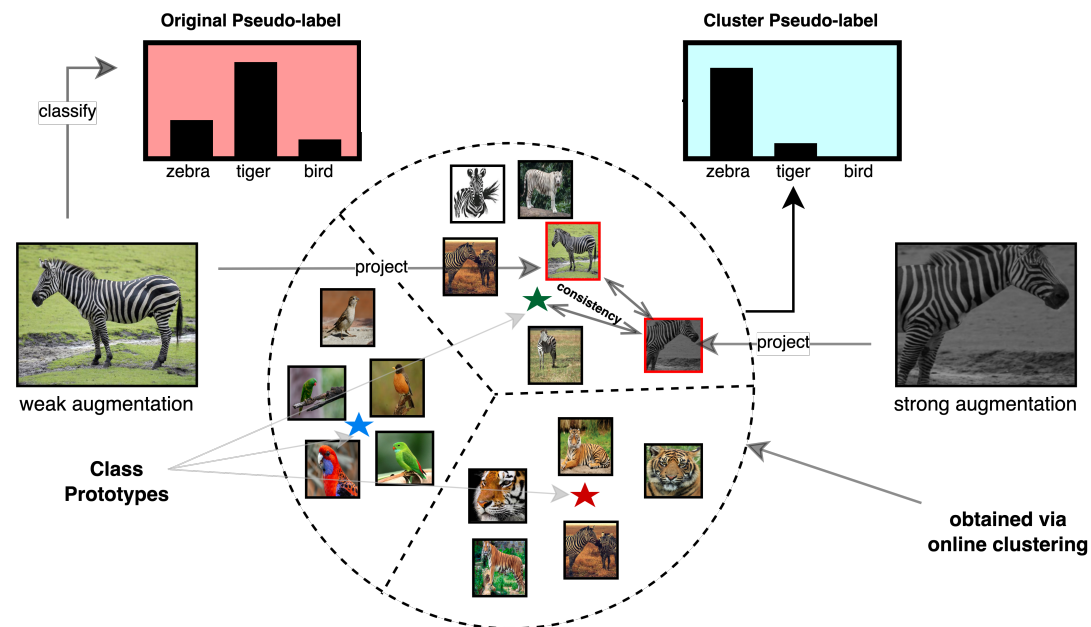
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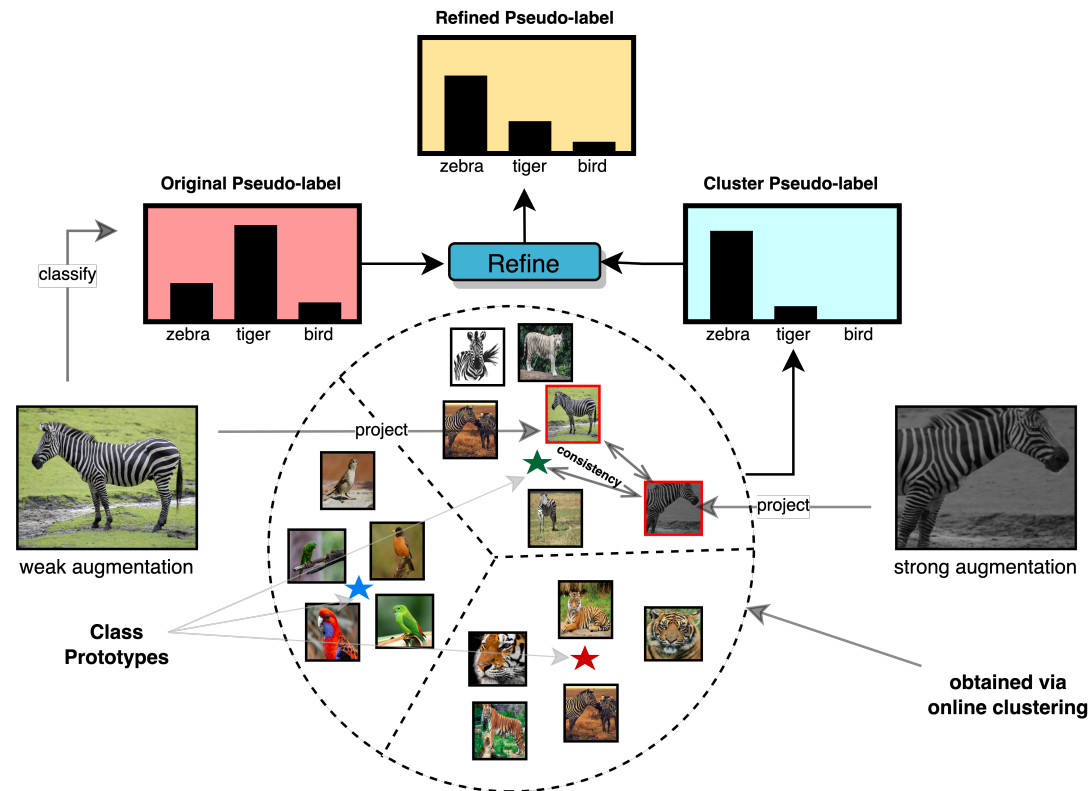
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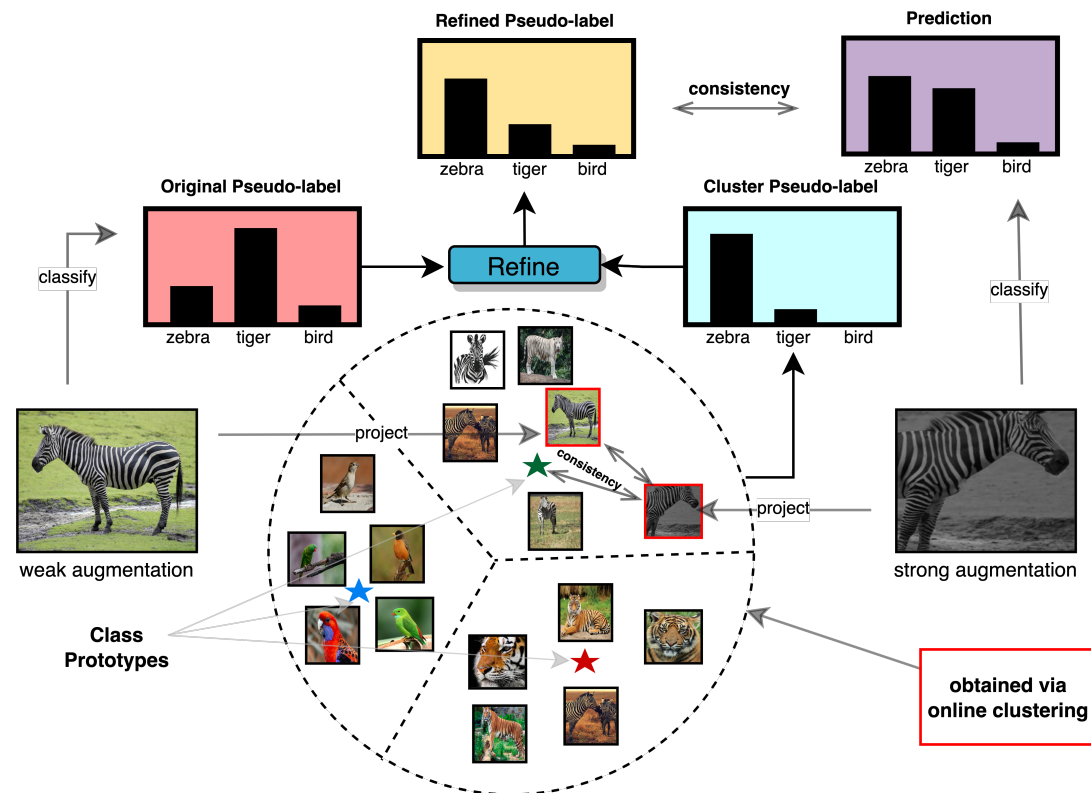
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- ✓ **16x** reduction in memory requirements
- ✓ SoTA performance on SSL benchmarks



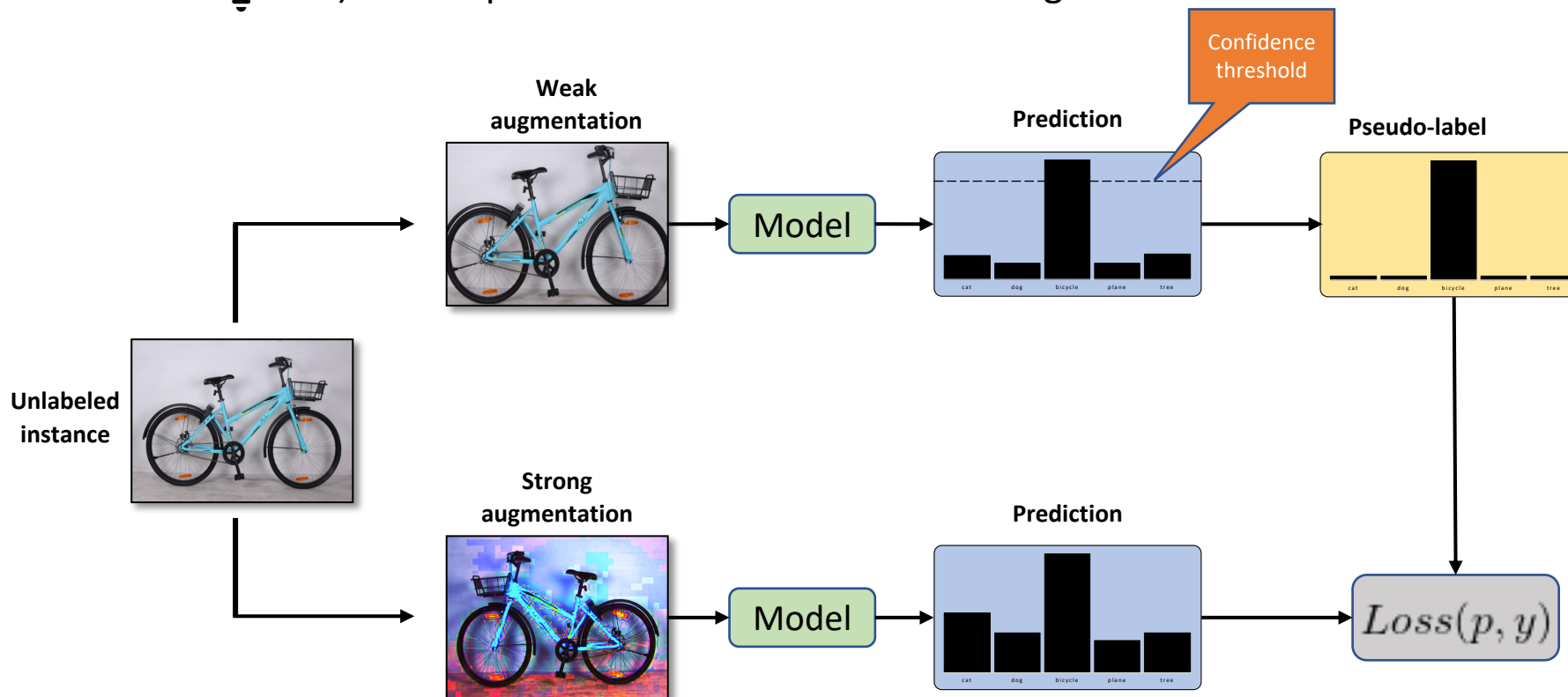
Now in More Details



Background : Confidence-based Pseudo-labeling with consistency regularization

- FixMatch for semi-supervised learning [1]

💡 1) Obtain pseudo-labels based on weak augmentation



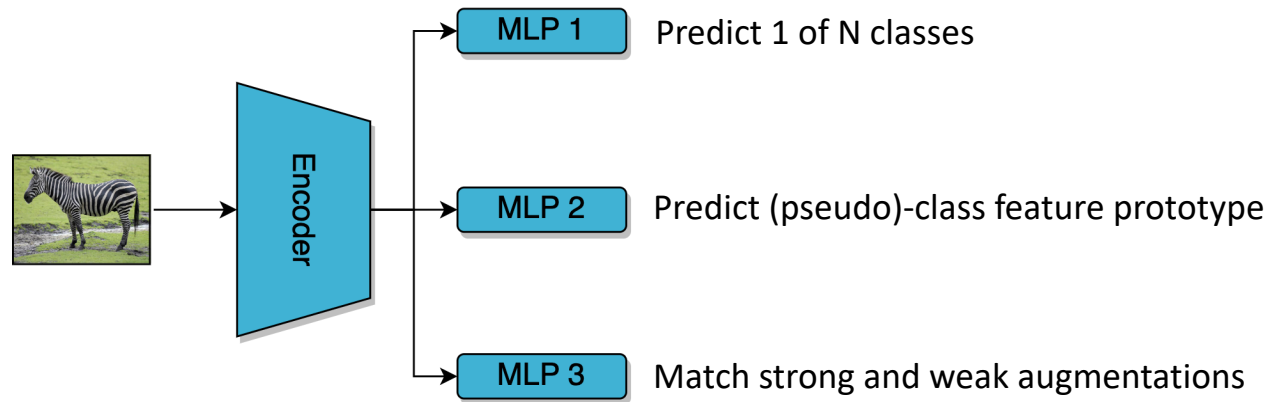
💡 2) Enforce pseudo-label consistency for strong augmentation.



PROTOCON: Refining pseudo-labels via multiple learning tasks

How to effectively combine different learning objectives (tasks) to improve pseudo-label quality

Multiple projector networks with a shared backbone where each network implements a specific learning objective

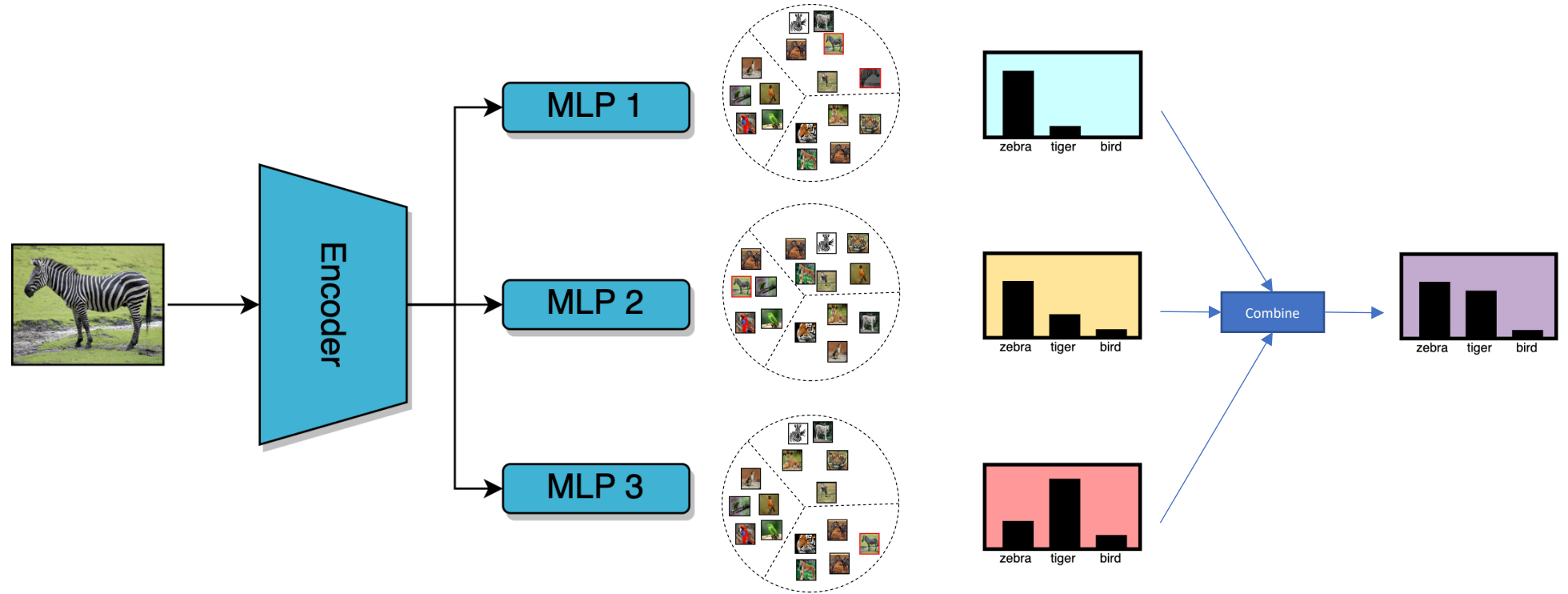


Each representation space learns a different, yet relevant, mapping/view of the data



Refining pseudo-labels via multiple learning tasks

A sample's neighbourhood differs from one representation space to another



We can obtain a pseudo-label for each image in each space as a weighted average of its N-nearest neighbours'

Then our final pseudo-label (used to train the network) is a combination of all the different pseudo-labels

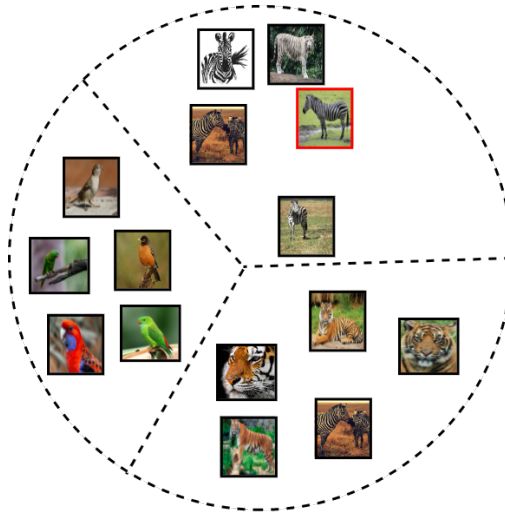


Identifying N-nearest Neighbours

Challenge



How to identify the N-nearest neighbours in a scalable memory-efficient manner as we train



Offline clustering is slow and memory intensive

Solution



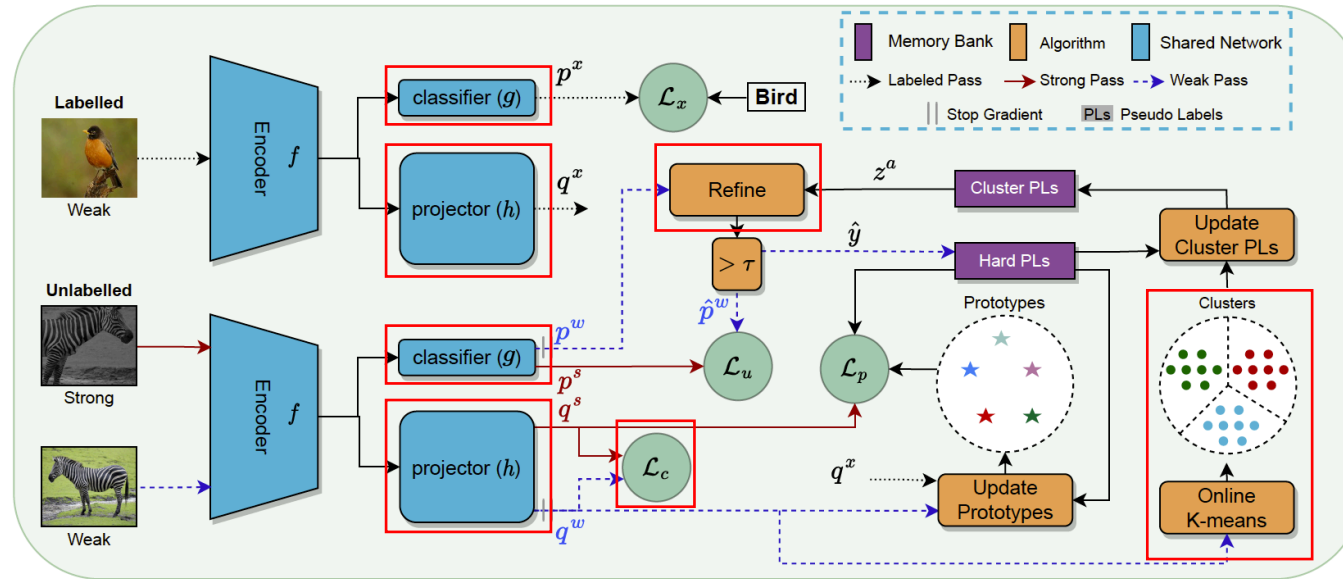
Online constrained K-means clustering

Online: K-means centroids are updated each mini-batch as training proceeds

Constrained: To ensure each sample has N samples in its cluster



Putting it all together



Achieves **16x** reduction in memory requirements compared to offline methods



State-of-the-art on SSL benchmarks for Image classification in label-scarce regime (2-10 images/class)



Experimental Results

- SoTA performance on SSL image classification benchmarks

Total labeled samples	CIFAR-10			CIFAR-100			Mini-ImageNet	
	20	40	80	200	400	800	400	1000
FixMatch [38]	82.32±9.77	86.29±4.50	92.06±0.88	35.37±5.68	51.15±1.75	61.32±0.92	17.18±6.22	39.03±3.99
FixMatch + DA [3, 38]	83.84±8.35	86.98±3.40	92.29±0.86	41.28±6.03	52.65±2.32	62.12±0.79	19.40±5.87	40.92±4.71
CoMatch [22]	87.37±8.47	93.09±1.39	93.97±0.62	47.92±4.83	58.17±3.52	66.15±0.71	21.29±6.19	40.98±3.52
SimMatch [48]	89.31±7.73	94.51±2.56	94.89±1.32	46.01±6.12	57.95±2.37	65.50±0.93	25.75±5.90	39.76±3.77
FixMatch + DB [42]	89.02±6.37	94.60±1.31	95.60±0.12	46.36±5.05	57.88±3.34	64.84±0.85	27.37±7.01	41.05±3.34
PROTOCON	90.51±4.02	95.20±1.8	96.11±0.20	48.25±4.87	59.53±2.94	65.91±0.57	29.15±6.98	45.83±4.15
<i>delta against best baseline</i>	+1.20	+0.60	+0.51	+0.33	+1.36	-0.24	+1.78	+4.78

- Cross-domain superiority

Total labeled samples	Clipart			Sketch		
	690	1380	2760	690	1380	2760
FixMatch [38]	30.21	41.21	51.29	12.73	21.65	33.07
CoMatch [22]	35.49	48.62	54.98	24.30	33.71	41.02
FixMatch + DB [42]	38.97	51.44	58.31	25.34	35.58	43.98
PROTOCON	43.72	55.66	61.32	33.94	43.51	50.88
<i>delta</i>	+4.75	+4.22	+3.01	+8.60	+7.93	+6.90

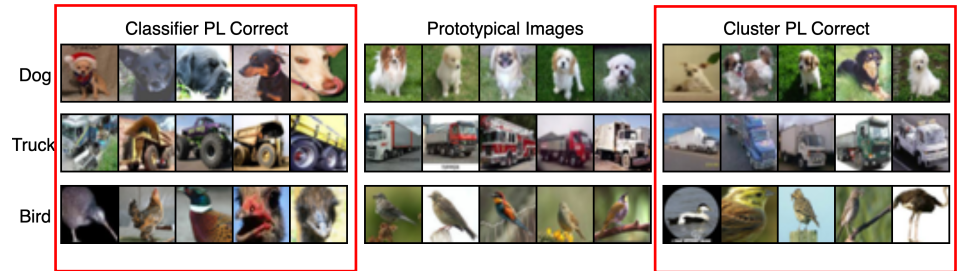
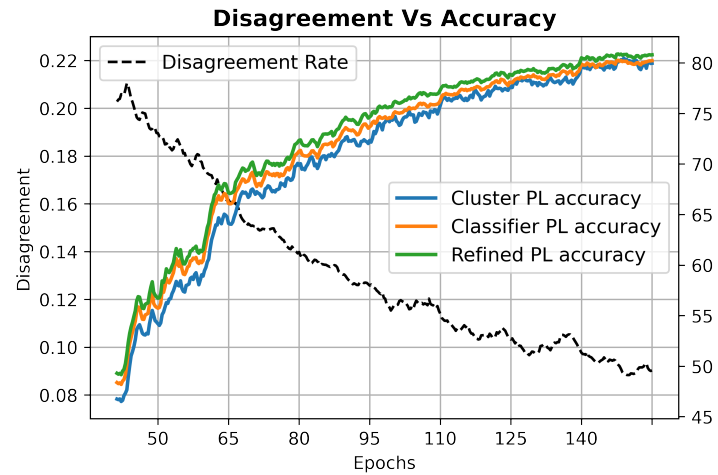
- Strong performance on ImageNet

Method	Pre.	Epochs	0.2%	1%	10%
Supervised	✗	300	-	25.4	56.4
<i>Representation learning methods:</i>					
SwAV [8]	✓	800	-	53.9	70.2
SimCLRv2++ [12]	✓	1200	-	60.0	70.5
DINO [9]	✓	300	-	55.1	67.8
PAWS++ [2]	✓	300	-	66.5	75.5
<i>PL & consistency methods:</i>					
MPL [31]	✗	800	-	65.3 [†]	73.9
CoMatch [22]	✗	400	44.3 [†]	66.0	73.6
FixMatch [38]	✗	300	-	51.2	71.5
FMatch + DA [3, 38]	✗	300	41.1 [†]	53.4	71.5 [†]
FMatch + EMAN [7]	✓	850	43.6	60.9	72.6
FMatch + DB [42]	✗	300	45.8 [†]	63.0 [†]	71.7 [†]
FMatch + DB + EMAN [42]	✓	850	47.9	63.1	72.8 [†]
PROTOCON	✗	300	47.8	65.6	73.1
PROTOCON + EMAN [7]	✓	850	50.1	67.2	73.5
<i>delta against best baseline</i>			+2.2	+0.7	-2.0

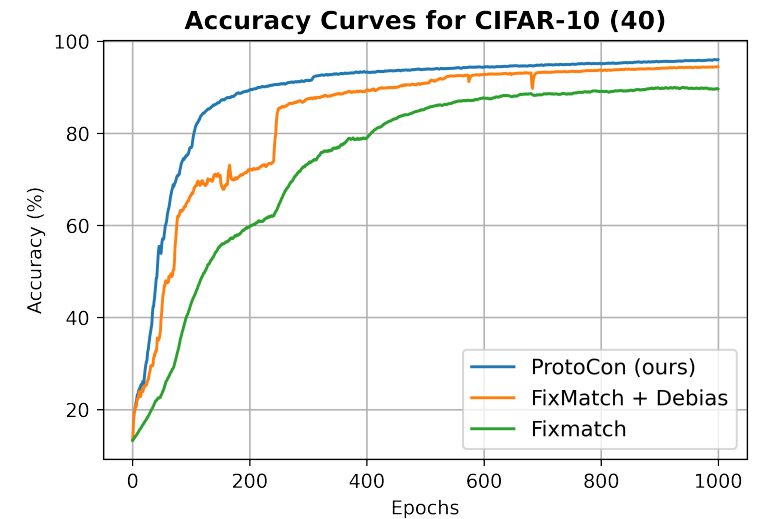
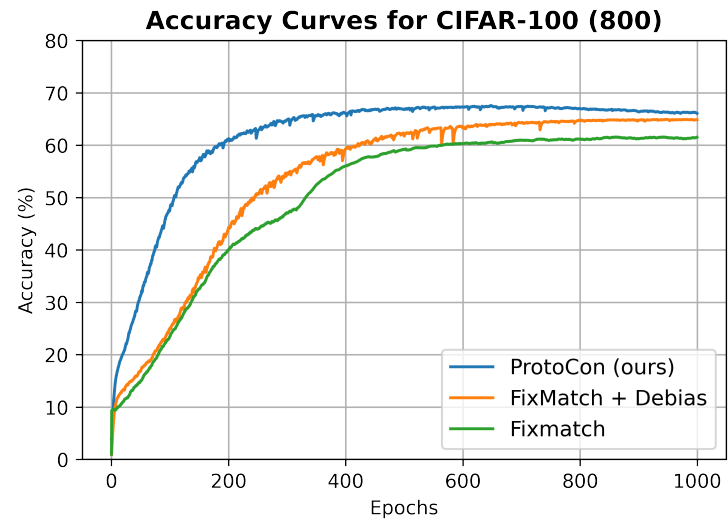


Experimental Results

- Diversity helps



- Improved convergence



Thank you for listening

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[Paper](#)



[Code](#)

