# L-Colns: Language-based Colorization with Instance Awareness 

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[^0]Outline

- Introduction
- Background
- Problem and Improvement
- Method
- Pipeline
- Luminance Augmentation
- Aggregating Similar Patches
- Result
- Comparison with Language-based Colorization
- Comparison with Automatic Colorization
- Ablation
- Application


## Background



Example-based


Language-based


## Problem and Improvement



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## Pipeline



## Training Loss:

$$
L_{\text {total }}=\alpha L_{\delta}+\beta L_{\mathrm{ctr}}, \text { where } L_{\delta}=\frac{1}{N_{\mathrm{p}}} \sum \frac{1}{2}\left(\hat{I}_{\mathrm{ab}}-I_{\mathrm{ab}}\right)^{2} \mathbb{1}_{\left\{\left|\hat{I}_{\mathrm{ab}}-I_{\mathrm{ab}}\right|<\delta\right\}}+\frac{1}{N_{\mathrm{p}}} \sum \delta\left(\left|\hat{I}_{\mathrm{ab}}-I_{\mathrm{ab}}\right|-\frac{1}{2} \delta\right) \mathbb{1}_{\left\{\left|\hat{I}_{\mathrm{ab}}-I_{\mathrm{ab}}\right| \geq \delta\right\}}
$$

## Luminance Augmentation



Luminance augmentation consists of two steps:
I. Randomly rotate the hue as:

$$
I_{\mathrm{r}}=\left[\mathrm{Frotate}\left(I_{\mathrm{O}}^{\mathrm{h}}, \lambda\right), I_{\mathrm{O}}^{\mathrm{S}}, I_{\mathrm{O}}^{\mathrm{V}}\right]
$$

Adjust the global luminance as:

$$
\hat{I}_{\mathrm{g}}=A I_{\mathrm{g}}^{\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{inv}}(\gamma)}
$$



Augmented grayscale 2

Augmented grayscale 3


Augmented grayscale 4

## Aggregating Similar Patches

I. Merging image tokens corresponding to the same group to concrete the instance representation:

$$
\bar{Z}_{\mathrm{grp}, i}^{L+1}=Z_{\mathrm{grp}, i}^{L+1}+\frac{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{\mathrm{I}}} \hat{A}_{i, j} W_{\mathrm{v}} Z_{\mathrm{img}, j}^{L+1}}{\sum_{j=1}^{N_{\mathrm{I}}} \hat{A}_{i, j}}
$$

II. Using the counter-color loss to optimize the grouping error:

$$
\begin{aligned}
L_{\mathrm{ctr}}= & -\log \left(\mathrm{F}_{\operatorname{sim}}\left(R_{\text {lag }}, R_{\operatorname{grp}}\right)\left(1-\mathrm{F}_{\operatorname{sim}}\left(R_{\text {lag }}^{\prime}, R_{\operatorname{grp}}\right)\right)\right) \\
& -\log \left(\mathrm{F}_{\text {sim }}\left(R_{\text {lag }}^{\prime}, R_{\text {grp }}^{\prime}\right)\left(1-\mathrm{F}_{\text {sim }}\left(R_{\text {lag }}, R_{\text {grp }}^{\prime}\right)\right)\right)
\end{aligned}
$$



The left bucket is purple, the right bucket is red.

The left bucket is yellow, the right bucket is blue.

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## Comparison with Language-based Colorization



## Comparison with Automatic Colorizatior



## Ablation



## Application


1909. "Central station."

1940. "Three boys from Los Angeles who are looking for work in an airplane factory."


There is a red house under the blue sky surrounded by green grasses.


The man in the middle is wearing a gold coat.

1923. " Jewett touring car on mountain road."


The two boys on the left are wearing green coats.


A red car stopped on the dirt road.


The boy in the middle wears a coat, and the men on both sides wear blue coats.


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