SketchXAI: A First Look at Explainability of Human Sketches

CVPR 2023: THU-PM-260



















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1 Minute Brief Introduction





Our proposal: Bicycle- Informed Stroke Inversion

Step 1: Randomise stroke locations first

Step 2: Invert via iterative optimisation



Background of Sketch Representation





Vector Image





RNN/Transformer/GNN





CNN

Explainability in CV



Image-based Explainable Methods



• Information of images is redundant and continuous, but information of sketches is refined and discrete.

Explainability in NLP



Text-based Explainable Methods



• Sketches's high information density is similar to that of text. But words are naturally familiar to human, while points are not.

Interpretable Components of Images, Text and Sketches



images \rightarrow pixels / super pixels / patches \rightarrow semantics





sketches \rightarrow pixels / points \rightarrow semantics

strokes





Sketch Surrey of Surrey of CVPR VANCOUVER CANADA

Stroke 4 **(**))

S₁

Stroke 1

Stroke 2

Stroke 3

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Acc. (%)	Params (M)
78.76	24.2
68.71	8.5
80.51	64.7
77.90	86.6
78.71	87.8
78.34	13.1
81.51	26.7
84.81	32.7
85.30	51.7
31.04	
81.41	-
83.66	-
86.10	6.1
87.21	91.7
	Acc. (%) 78.76 68.71 80.51 77.90 78.71 78.34 81.51 84.81 85.30 31.04 81.41 83.66 86.10 87.21

Order Analysis



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ViT

Ours

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Shape Analysis









Shape Analysis

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Primitives: Abstracting Sketches through Simple Primitives, ECCV 2022

Stroke Location Inversion





Recovery

set locations all randomly and the label to original category, see if our model can be recover the sketch.

Transfer

set the label to another category, see if our model can reorganise the strokes.



SLI -- Recovery



SLI -- Transfer





Beauty of Symmetry



General Training (performance)

 $\arg\min\ell\left(f_{w}\left(x_{i}\right),y_{i}\right)$

Use data to optimize a model

Q: "What label matches the sample?"

Model Inversion (explainability)

 $\arg\min_{x_{i}-part}\ell\left(f_{w}\left(x_{i}\right),y\right)$

Use a (trained) model to optimize data

Q: "What sample matches the label?"

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data.requires_grad = False
model.requires_grad = True

prediction = model(data)
loss = criterion(prediction, label)
loss.backward()

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Thank you! For more details, please visit: <u>https://sketchxai.github.io/</u>

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