

Feature Attenuation of Defective Representation Can Resolve Incomplete Masking on Anomaly Detection

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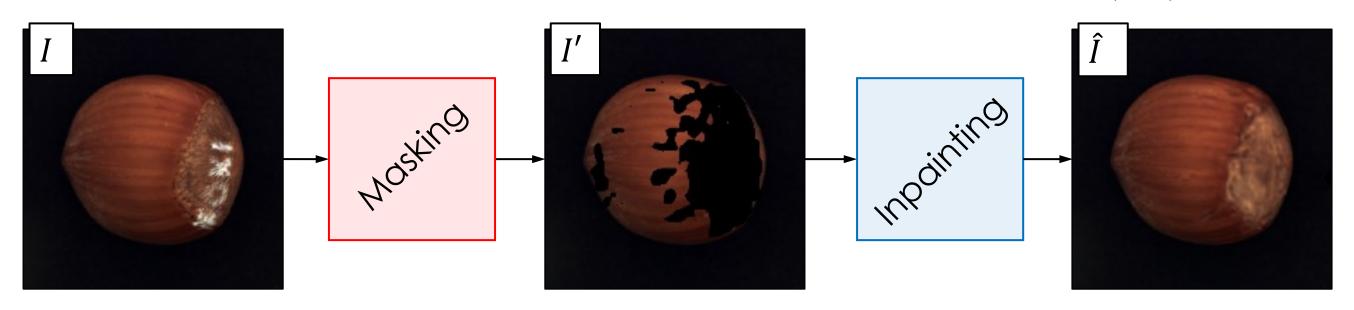






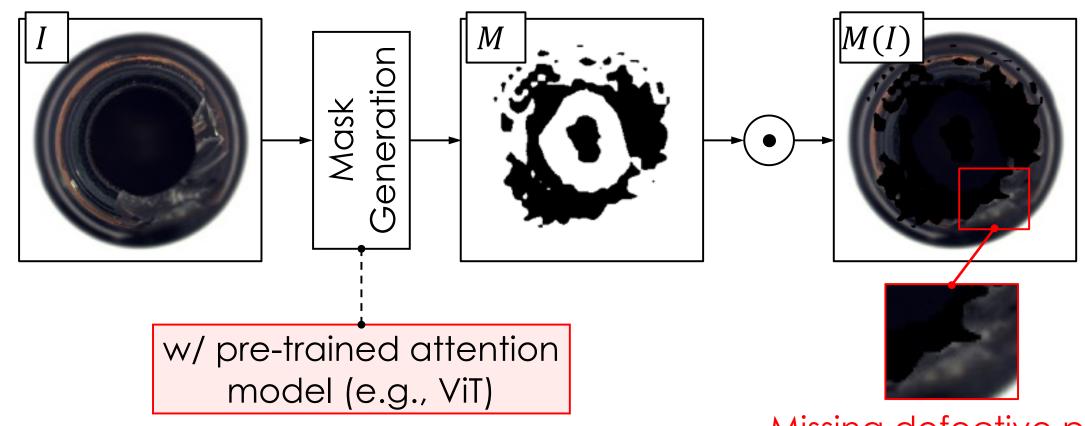
Reconstruction-by-inpainting

- Mask out the suspicious anomalous region
- Determine abnormality based on inpainting error, $\mathcal{L}(I,\hat{I})$



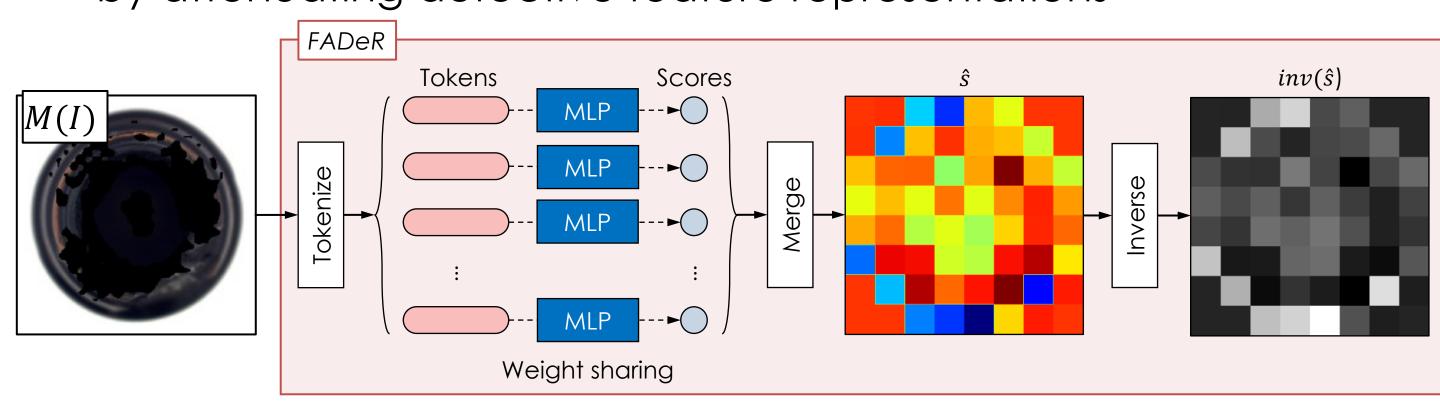
Motivation & Solution

- Challenge to completely cover anomalous regions using existing masking methods without additional training
- The model designed to compensate for mask incompleteness should enable label-free training and scalability



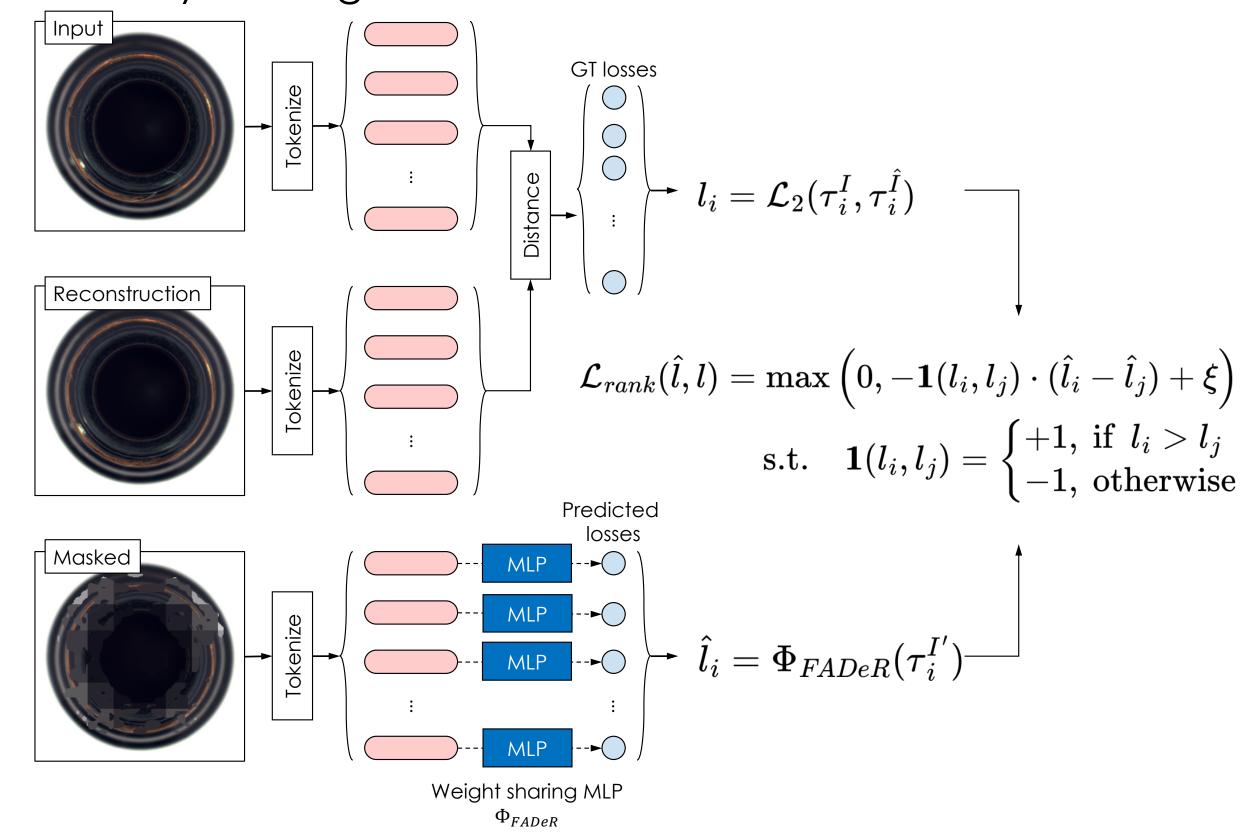
Missing defective parts

 An MLP component designed to overcome incomplete masking by attenuating defective feature representations

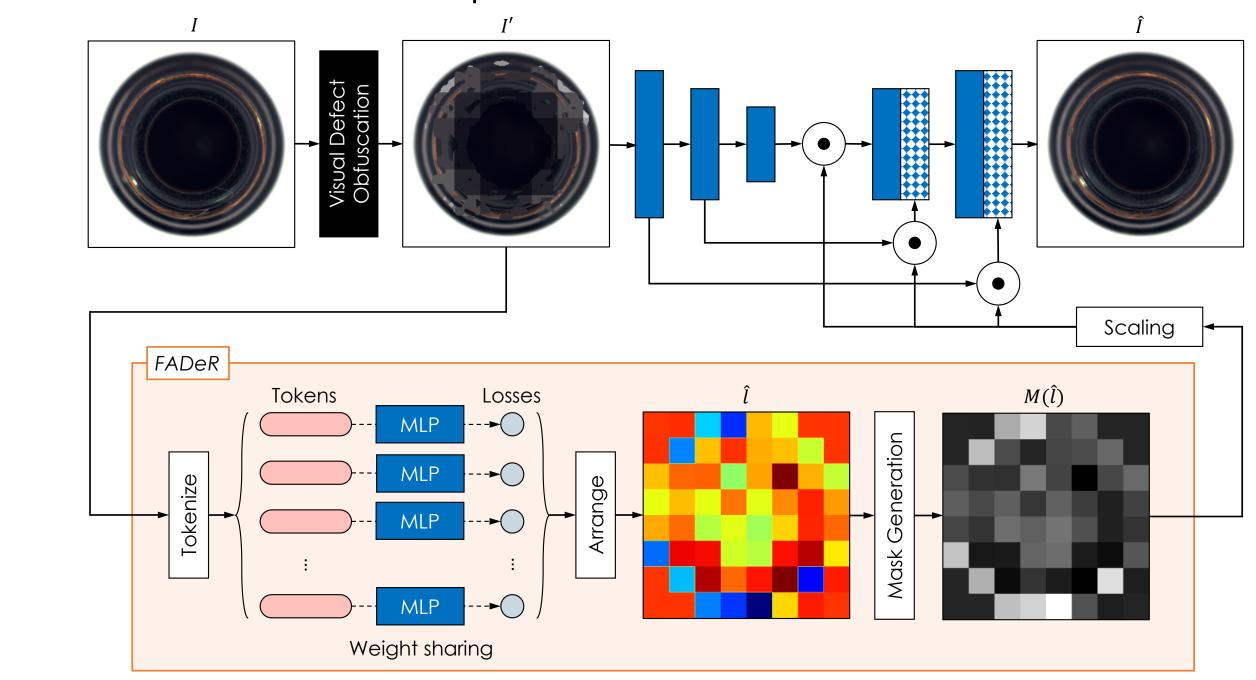


Feature Attenuation of Defective Representation

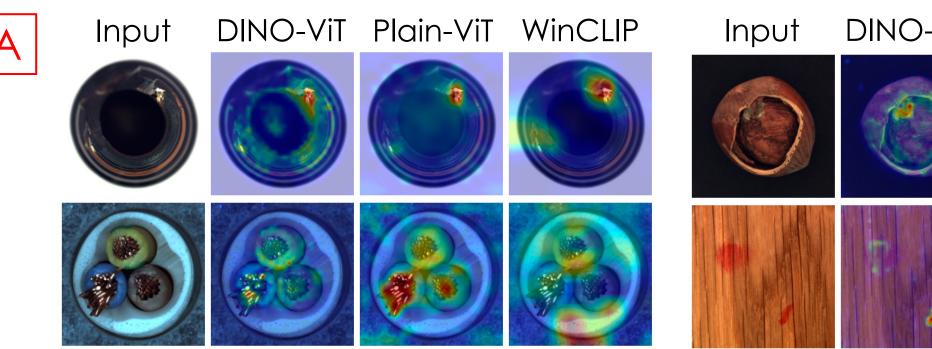
- Enables label-free training by leveraging active learning
- FADeR is trained to predict the rank \hat{l} of path-wise reconstruction errors l by ranking loss



 Generates a soft mask only with a simple two-layered MLP to attenuate defective representations



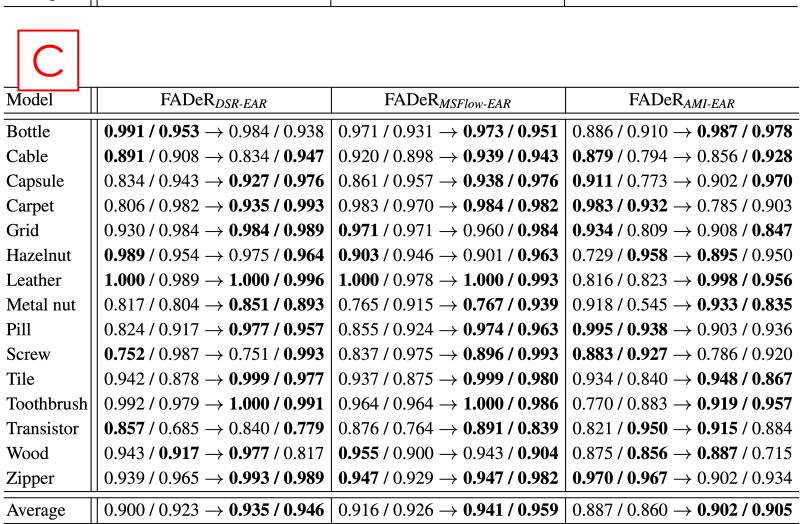
Results

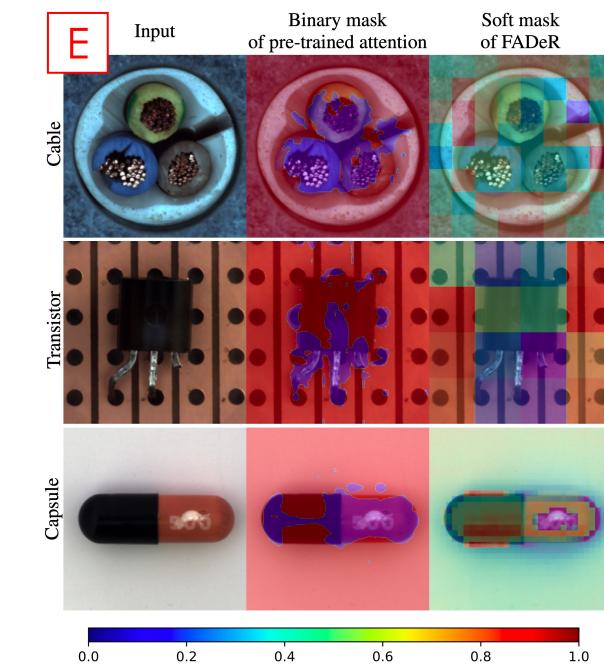


	FIGILI-VII	VVIIICLII

$\mid B \mid$			
Model	FADeR _{DINO-EAR}	FADeR _{ViT-EAR}	FADeR _{WinCLIP-EAR}
Bottle	$0.997 / 0.914 \rightarrow $ 0.998 / 0.951	$0.983 / 0.930 \rightarrow $ 0.993 / 0.950	$0.992 / 0.939 \rightarrow 0.992 / 0.936$
Cable	$0.870 / 0.775 \rightarrow 0.887 / 0.856$	$0.817 / 0.798 \rightarrow 0.825 / 0.872$	$0.838 / 0.550 \rightarrow 0.794 / 0.612$
Capsule	$0.870 / 0.944 \rightarrow $ 0.947 / 0.980	$0.863 / 0.965 \rightarrow 0.933 / 0.977$	$0.867 / 0.935 \rightarrow $ 0.930 / 0.968
Carpet	$0.899 / 0.974 \rightarrow $ 0.971 / 0.992	$0.701 / 0.945 \rightarrow 0.756 / 0.981$	$0.679 / 0.909 \rightarrow $ 0.746 / 0.955
Grid	$0.959 / 0.974 \rightarrow $ 0.983 / 0.986	$0.765 / 0.919 \rightarrow 0.805 / 0.901$	$0.866 / 0.940 \rightarrow 0.861 / 0.939$
Hazelnut	$0.997 / 0.957 \rightarrow $ 0.988 / 0.976	$0.954 / 0.952 \rightarrow $ 0.973 / 0.977	$0.946 / 0.947 \rightarrow $ 0.959 / 0.976
Leather	$1.000 / 0.992 \rightarrow 1.000 / 0.996$	$1.000 / 0.981 \rightarrow 1.000 / 0.993$	$1.000 / 0.971 \rightarrow 1.000 / 0.990$
Metal nut	$0.876 / 0.793 \rightarrow 0.876 / 0.828$	$0.880 / 0.767 \rightarrow 0.903 / 0.804$	$0.775 / 0.780 \rightarrow 0.821 / 0.779$
Pill	$0.922 / 0.875 \rightarrow 0.976 / 0.945$	$0.884 / 0.914 \rightarrow 0.957 / 0.967$	$0.879 / 0.898 \rightarrow 0.956 / 0.951$
Screw	$0.886 / 0.975 \rightarrow $ 0.918 / 0.991	$0.883 / 0.977 \rightarrow 0.905 / 0.993$	$0.862 / 0.953 \rightarrow 0.897 / 0.968$
Tile	$0.962 / 0.857 \rightarrow 1.000 / 0.950$	$0.961 / 0.853 \rightarrow 1.000 / 0.940$	$0.960 / 0.816 \rightarrow $ 0.986 / 0.921
Toothbrush	$1.000 / 0.953 \rightarrow 1.000 / 0.987$	$1.000 / 0.953 \rightarrow 0.994 / 0.986$	$1.000 / 0.959 \rightarrow 1.000 / 0.986$
Transistor	$0.947 / 0.745 \rightarrow 0.933 / 0.825$	$0.891 / 0.679 \rightarrow 0.908 / 0.740$	$0.788 / 0.699 \rightarrow 0.835 / 0.642$
Wood	$0.985 / 0.875 \rightarrow 0.996 / 0.818$	$0.931 / 0.818 \rightarrow 0.964 / 0.730$	$0.997 / 0.691 \rightarrow 0.997 / 0.751$
Zipper	$0.955 / 0.930 \rightarrow$ 0.987 / 0.988	$0.932 / 0.909 \rightarrow $ 0.938 / 0.951	$0.924 / 0.895 \rightarrow $ 0.975 / 0.967
Average	$0.942 / 0.902 \rightarrow $ 0.964 / 0.938	$0.896 / 0.891 \rightarrow $ 0.924 / 0.918	$0.892 / 0.859 \rightarrow $ 0.917 / 0.889

	2-stage			1-stage	
Model	DRAEM	JNLD	OmniAL	FADeR _E (ours)	
Candle	0.823	0.891	0.851	0.927	
Capsules	0.773	0.891	0.879	0.919	
Cashew	0.942	0.960	0.971	0.967	
Chewing gum	0.934	0.985	0.949	0.926	
Fryum	1.000	0.932	0.970	0.968	
Macaroni1	0.703	0.943	0.969	0.991	
Macaroni2	0.713	0.865	0.899	0.965	
PCB1	0.713	0.820	0.966	0.967	
PCB2	0.897	0.963	0.994	0.987	
PCB3	0.731	0.969	0.969	0.974	
PCB4	0.913	0.948	0.974	0.999	
Pipe fryum	0.941	0.960	0.914	0.933	
Average	0.841	0.930	0.942	0.960	





- A. Attention maps of saliency/defective regions (w/o FADeR)
- B. Pre-trained attention-based masking methods on the MVTec AD
- C. Latent masking methods on the MVTec AD
- D. Comparison with two-stage model on the VisA
- E. Original binary mask and soft mask for feature attenuation